EARNINGS RELEASE 4Q18

April 2019





1



Main Highlights



1. GROWTH STRATEGY

- Regarding the Company's growth strategy, in July 2018 the Purchase and Merger of the Blueberries Business
 of the Grupo Rocio in Peru was materialized, through which 50% of Hortifrut Tal S.A.C. was acquired,
 completing 100% of participation in this company, in addition to a 100% of the blueberries business of Tal S.A.,
 incorporating 1,450 of productive hectares of blueberries into the Hortifrut property.
- Hortifrut made progress in its Plantation Project in China, developed thanks to the strategic alliance signed with its partner Joy Wing Mau (subsidiary of the Legend Group and leader in distribution of fruits and vegetables in China). At the end of 2018, 91 hectares out of 243 hectares approved for this project are planted, and the first crop will be obtained on March 2019.

2. SUSTAINABILITY

 Hortifrut Chile S.A. (subsidiary of Hortifrut S.A.) obtained in October 2018 the B Corp Certification, becoming the largest Chilean company to obtain this important international recognition.

3. DIVIDENDS

• On November 2018, the Board of Directors agreed to pay the shareholders an **provisional dividend of US\$7.4 million** at a rate of US\$0.0140 for each share subscribed and paid, with charge to the profits of the year 2018.



Consolidated Results Jan-Dec18







2. VOLUME / AVERAGE INCOME. (Tons - US\$/Kg)



- The increase in revenue is mainly explained by an increase of 27% in the volume distributed and an increase of 9% in the average income per kilo, mainly due to the acquisition of the blueberries business of the Grupo Rocio in Peru and the maturing of the Olmos Project.
- Revenue as of Dec18 includes US\$5.3 mn in fruit valorization in bearer plants, compared to US\$1.6 mn at Dec17, a rise explained by Peru.



Consolidated Results Jan-Dec18

1. CONSOLIDATED RESULT. (US\$ mn)



EBITDA Variation	+83% (higher distributed volume from Peru, besides valorization of fruit in "bearer plants")
Operating Result Variation	+135% (the same effects as in EBITDA, plus US\$2.3 mn of asset impairment as of Dec18, which decreased compared to the US\$3.2 mn recorded in Dec17, in both cases associated with the pull up of productive hectares)
Net Income (Parent Company) Variation	+216% (effects on operating result, besides US\$44.5 mn of net income due to recognition of higher value in 50% of Hortifrut Tal S.A.C. that was already owned by Hortifrut, as a result of the purchase and merger in Peru)



EBITDA of US\$83 mn in Jul-Dec18

- **EBITDA increase in US\$61 mn** compared to Jul-Dec17 period, mainly associated with the higher distributed volume from own fields in Peru and the valorization of fruit in "bearer plants" for US\$5.3 mn (vs. US\$1.6 mn for this concept in the previous year).
- The distributed volume increased 60% reaching 29,762 tons, with growth of Blueberries, Raspberries and Blackberries segments.
- Decrease of 10.2% of the average price per kilo, with a fall in the prices of all the segments, except Strawberries and Cherries.



Revenue Evolution Season Jul-Dec17/Jul-Dec18





2. VOLUME / AVERAGE INCOME. (Tons - US\$/Kg)



The increase in revenue is mainly explained by an increase of 60% in the volume distributed, partially offset by a 7.4% reduction in average revenue per kilo, mainly due to the higher volume of blueberries in the industry in the sales window of Peruvian fruit.

92%

Jul-Dec18

US\$273 mn

3% ^{3% 1%} 1%

 Revenue of Jul-Dec18 includes US\$5.3 mn in fruit valorization in bearer plants, compared to US\$1.6 mn of Jul-Dec17, a rise explained by Peru.

Consolidated Results Season Jul-Dec17/Jul-Dec18







Non-Operating Result for the Season



	Jul-Dec17 (US\$ mn)	Jul-Dec18 (US\$ mn)	Var %
Financial income	1,046	273	-745
Financial expenses	(3,132)	(12,272)	292 %
Share of profit (loss) of equity accounted investees	9,315	(3,044)	-
Other Profit (Loss)	(198)	60,873	-
Exchange rate differences	(2,927)	1,560	-
Non-Operating Result	889	45,073	4,970%



MAIN VARIATIONS

- Net Financial Expenses: increased due to a higher level of average debt, linked to the financing of the purchase and merger of the blueberries business of Grupo Rocío in Peru, to the incorporation of the existing debt in the businesses acquired in this transaction and to the working capital necessary for the operations in Peru and to the increase in interest rates on short-term debt.
- Share of profit (loss) of equity accounted investees: the decreased is mainly explained because Hortifrut Tal S.A.C. was
 included in the perimeter of consolidation in the financial statements of Hortifrut due to the transaction in Peru, company
 that generated most of the profit in associates registered during Jul-Dec18.
- Other Profit (Loss): the profit of the period Jul-Dec18 its associated with the recognition at fair value of the 50% of Hortifrut Tal S.A.C. which was owned by Hortifrut before the merger.
- Exchange rate differences: during the Jul-Dec18 period, this result was influenced by the depreciation of the Euro, Chilean Peso and Mexican Peso against the United States Dollar, compared with an opposite movement of those Exchange rates in the same period of 2017.

Investments S1819 & Net Financial Debt Evolution





- The investment in new plantations correspond mainly to projects in Peru and China.
- The reduction compared to the period Jul-Dec17 is associated with the completion of investments in Peru and the USA.



 Increase in net financial debt due to the financing of the purchase and merger in Peru, existing debt in business acquired and working capital of operations in Peru.

Debt Covenants













Covenant June < 1.0x









Blueberries

- 60% increase in sales: +89% volume and -18% of average price per kilo, in addition to US\$5.3 mn of valorization of fruit in "bearer plants", compared with US\$1.6 mn on the previous year.
- The increase in the distributed volume is mainly due to the increase of fruit from Peru, both by the purchase and merger operation carried out recently, and by the maturation of the plantations that were owned by Hortifrut before this transaction (HFTal and Olmos).
- The decrease of the average price per kilo is associated with the higher volume of this fruit available in the market in this production window, due to the increase of volumes in the Peruvian market.



OPERATIONAL RESULT. (US\$ mn)



Blueberries	Jul17- Dec17	Jul18- Dec18	Var (%)
Sales volume (Kg)	12,874,621	24,359,127	89 %
Porcentage of the total	69 %	82%	-
Average price (US\$/Kg)	11.35	9.31	(18%)



Raspberries



- **Revenue increase of 6%:** +15% volume and -7.5% average price per kilo.
- The increase in volume is explained by the good performance of our own plantations in Mexico during Jul-Dec8 period, recording higher levels of productivity than in previous years.
- The average price per kilo decreased due to higher availability of fruit in the US market.
- The operating margin decreased due to differences in the methodology of cost activation of the season, impacting the monthlyization of the results, but not the result of the entire season.



OPERATIONAL RESULT. (US\$ mn)



Blackberries

- Increase of 14% in sales: 52% volumen and -25% average price per kilo.
- The increase in volume is explained by an increase in the volume captured by third-party producers in Mexico, associated with the own variety delivery plan (Madeleine) that began to be executed during \$17/18.
- The reduction in the sale price is associated with the higher volume of fruit available in the US market, as well as some quality problems at the beginning of the season (due to adverse weather events).



OPERATIONAL RESULT. (US\$ mn)



Strawberries

- Decrease of 61% in sales: -62% volume and +5% average price per kilo.
- The decrease in the volume traded is explained by less planted hectares compared with the last season, besides a delay in the harvest of this fruit in Chile due to adverse weather events.
- The higher sale price is explained by the lower availability of this fruit in the Chilean market, the main origin and destination of the Hortifrut strawberries during the second half of the year.





Value-Added Products



- Decrease of 19% in sales: -8% volume and -12% average price per kilo.
- The decrease in volume is mainly explained by lower demand for frozen products in the North American market during the second half of 2018
- Additionally, the lower volume was complemented by a fall in prices due to the increase in the share of conventional fruit in the sales mix, which is sold at lower prices than organic fruit.





Evolution of Planted Hectares



- In addition to the previous surface, there are 331 hectares planted (329 hectares in productive status) in projects belonging to associated companies, which do not consolidate in the Hortifrut Financial Statements:
 - 237 hectares of blueberries in pots in Munger Hortifrut NA LLC. (USA), all of which are in a productive status.
 - 17 hectares of raspberries and blackberries in Hortifrut Berries Maroc S.R.L. (Morocco), of which 15 hectares were in productive status.
 - 77 hectares of blueberries in Margesi S.A. (Argentina), all of which are in a productive status.

Conclusions

EBITDA		 US\$ 82.9 mn during 2H18 (+US\$ 60.6 mn) due to: Higher volume of fruit from Peru (Trujillo and Olmos) Reduction of prices in blueberries, associated with volume increase in the productive window US\$ 5.3 mn of valorization of fruit in bearer plants (US\$1.6 mn in 2H17)
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PRODUCTION IN	PERU	Important increase in volume from this country, but with a delay in the harvest curve and certain quality problems, due to a colder and more humid season than all the Peruvian industry had experienced to date.
CHINA PROJE	ECT	The first harvest of the project in this country has already begun, estimating 240 tons. of production of the first 30 hectares of the project (0.8kg/plant in its first year of production).



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